College of Arts and Sciences Assessment Inventory (Summer 2014) Assessment Inventory (Summer 2014)

BIOLOGY (UG and C	,
	(Program Goals): Biology Encompasses the study of all organisms, and our curriculum provides students a solid foundation in:
	<ol> <li>Cellular and molecular biology;</li> </ol>
	2. Organismal biology; and
	3. Evolutionary biology, ecology, and biodiversity.
Learning Goals	(Learning Goals): Through Course work and mentored student research, the faculty emphasize the importance of evolution in biological phenomena, the role of the environment
	in biological interactions, and ethical behavior in scientific endeavors. These experiences:
	I. Promote strong critical thinking and analytical skills;
	<ol> <li>Provide handson experience in biological techniques; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Stimulate creative scientific thought.</li> </ol>
	MFT;
Outcome Measures	<ul> <li>Placement rates in postgraduate training (medical, nursing, veterinary, dental, graduate);</li> </ul>
2004	<ul> <li>Senior exit interview;</li> </ul>
2004	<ul> <li>Poster sessions on student research</li> </ul>
	,
0 . M	• Placement rates in postgraduate training (medical, nursing, veterinary, dental, graduate);
Outcome Measures	Senior exit interview;
2012	Poster sessions on student research;
	• Pre- and post-tests for BL 155-156
	Exit interviews discontinued in 2006 due to high volume of majors (70-80)
Outcome Measures	• MFT;
2014	• Placement rates in postgraduate training (medical, nursing, veterinary, dental, graduate);
	Poster sessions on student research;
	<ul> <li>Once per semester, regular Department meeting used for assessment purposes, to review, discuss, and act upon the data from the previous semester and year. Results:</li> <li>Changes to the curriculum based on MFAT scores;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>New programs developed, based on student interests and direction of the field.</li> </ul>
	• In response to assessment data, 2011 task force established to review the pre-med
How does the	program. As a result of the task force's work, the position of Pre-Health Advisor was
Department use these	created (first interim, then permanent). The Pre-Health Advisor advises pre-health
measures?	students, develops resources for all pre-health majors, serves as contact person for all interested incoming students, and helps to expand partnerships with area health institutions.
	<ul> <li>The Department notices a need for more statistics training for BL students: they are not</li> </ul>
	The Department notices a need for more statistics training for BE students, they are not doing as well on the MFAT as they could if they had a greater degree of proficiency in stats. The dept has not decided how to approach this (more semesters of stats, or modify MT 228, or what).

CHEMISTRY (UG)	
	I. Students will be able to utilize their chemical knowledge to solve problems.
Learning Goals	<ol><li>Students will be able to effectively communicate scientific information.</li></ol>
	<ol><li>Students will be able to work competently in the laboratory.</li></ol>
	4. Students will demonstrate knowledge in at least four of the five sub-disciplines of
	chemistry.
	Senior exit interview
Outcome Measures	Alumni survey
2004	Employer survey
2004	American Chemical Society standardized test for Organic and for General Chemistry
	MCAT exam
	Senior exit interview
Outcome Measures	• American Chemical Society standardized test for Organic and for General Chemistry
2012	MCAT exam
2012	Note: alumni survey dropped; employer survey dropped.
	Note: in 2006-07, CH produced an assessment report
	Senior exit interview
	• American Chemical Society standardized test for Organic and for General Chemistry
Outcome Measures 2014	MCAT exam
	• Very detailed course embedded assessment in CH 261 and CH 441. Objectives for each
	chapter and final exam designed to address each of those objectives.
	Evaluation of student posters and seminar presentations
How does the	Changes to individual sources based on source embedded assessment
Department use these measures?	<ul> <li>Changes to individual courses based on course embedded assessment.</li> <li>Tutoring program enlarged, systematized, and embedded in Learning Commons program</li> </ul>
	• I doning program emarged, systematized, and embedded in Learning Commons program

## EXERCISE SCIENCE (UG)

EXERCISE SCIENCE	I. The development of knowledge, skills and dispositions in the science of human movement
	and behavior through an integrated curriculum across content domains.
	2. The development of expertise in the application of knowledge, skills, and dispositions
	within course, field, and internship experiences relevant to professional values and goals.
Learning Goals for	3. The development and implementation of communication skills across multiple domains,
Physical Education,	e.g., written, oral, and physical, that serve a primary role of conveying knowledge through
Exercise Science, and	
Sports Studies majors	implementation of practice, feedback, therapy, and ongoing support.
	4. The development of problem-solving, critical thinking and reflective practices indicative of a
Note: ES was	knowledge- and evidence-based practice based on a framework of conceptual knowledge.
reorganized as a stand-	5. The development of appropriate professional behaviors as demonstrated through
along program in 2014.	knowledge, skills, and dispositions within coursework, internship, and professional
oro	opportunities.
	6. The development of a values-based, ethical behavior grounded in the liberal arts, observed
	through personal and professional behaviors, and representative of the Ignatian Ideal of a
	leader in service to others.
	• Each course in PE and ES has a Performance-Based Assessment (PBA), a key knowledge,
	skills, and disposition assessment for the course. The scores for these PBAs are reported
Outcome Measures	for each student at the end of the course.
2004-2014	• Physical Education licensure candidates have been assessed using the Praxis II for Content
	Knowledge. (Note: a different assessment will begin in 2014-15). Physical Education maintains
	a 100% pass rate on that national licensing exam.
	<ul> <li>The PBA has two primary uses:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Program level: licensure approval for the Physical Education Multi-Age</li> </ul>
	license.
	• Course level: assessment of student knowledge and skills, course evaluation,
	instructor reflection potential changes in the course, and the examination of
	the overall curriculum.
	• Each semester, PBA's, assignments and rubrics are evaluated to determine if changes should
	be made. (They have depended on the NCATE reporting cycle for data.) Usually, some
	changes are made each year. The PBA data are kept for about 2 years. Due to the changes
	in the department over 2013-14, PBA data was not collected for Physical Education and Exercise
	Science, but it can be collected this summer/fall.
	Examples of changes made to courses in response to assessment data:
How does the	<ul> <li>PE 205/205L: The assignment and rubric needed to be enhanced and clarified as to</li> </ul>
Department use these measures?	5
	expectations, clarity of the assignment, and grading within the rubric. The program
	director met with the instructor; they went through the assignment and revised all the
	documents, including the rubric. The PBA was very good and quite appropriate but the
	presentation of the information to the students, e.g., expectations, clarity, grading, needed
	to be addressed. The primary issue was a faculty member struggling with the development
	of a rubric. Working together, the instructor and Director corrected this.
	• PE 420: This course deals with individuals with disabilities. Drawing on assessment data,
	this course was transitioned from a lecture course about disabilities to a lecture/practicum
	course in which each student is assigned to work with a child with multiple disabilities that
	are expressed through developmental delay in motor development and motor skills.
	• PE 497 Internship/Seminar: Based upon student feedback and course data, the Internship
	Handbook was substantially revised.
	<ul> <li>In 2014-15, rubrics will be examined and realigned where necessary to new learning</li> </ul>
	outcomes.
	outcomes.

## MATHEMATICS & COMPUTER SCIENCE (UG and G)

## For mathematics majors (BS):

	For mathematics majors (BS):
	Students will develop an understanding of:
	I. Calculus
	2. Modern/linear Algebra
	3. Analysis
	4. Topology
	5. Probability and statistics
	Students will develop ability in:
	6. Problem-solving
	7. Applications of mathematics
Learning Goals	For mathematics majors (BA for teaching licensure): Same as above except Geometry instead of Topology and with the addition of History of Mathematics.
	For Computer Science majore, Students will
	For Computer Science majors: Students will:
	I. Understand the basic methodology of computer programming
	2. Learn to program in more than one language
	3. Learn an object-oriented programming language
	4. Gain an understanding of Computer Architecture
	5. Develop facility with software engineering concepts
	For university core courses: Course-specific understanding of particular topics/skills in
	statistics and calculus.
Outcome Measures	• MFT: Every student graduating with a major in MT (BS or BA) or CS must take the MFT in
2004	his/her field and show appropriate mastery of the subject.
2004	Senior Exit Interview
0 . M	• MFT: Every student graduating with a major in MT (BS or BA) or CS must take the MFT in
Outcome Measures	his/her field and show appropriate mastery of the subject.
2012	Senior Exit Interview
	Senior Exit Interview
	<ul> <li>MFT: Every student graduating with a major in MT (BS or BA) must take the MFT in his/her</li> </ul>
Outcome Measures	field and show appropriate mastery of the subject.
2014	Note: CS will not use MFT as the program has moved away from traditional CS programs.
2014	• We use an in-house comprehensive for the CIS students.
	Our Computer Information Systems program no longer uses the MFT, since the MFT exam in CS is
	made for a very "traditional" program and is a poor fit for our highly web-based CIS degree.
	<ul> <li>Faculty have refined the calculus placement algorithm based on the calculus course's goals.</li> </ul>
	• Faculty have refined the calculus placement algorithm based on the calculus course's goals.
	• The Department discusses MFT results yearly, evaluating student performance against the
	percentiles provided by ETS. In cases of sub-par performance, the student will take the
How does the Department use these	MFT again. If the second attempt does not meet Department standards, the student will do
	remedial work, followed by an "in-house" exam.
	• We've used the MFT results in several ways over the years.
	<ul> <li>First, the overall results give us an external verification of the topics we</li> </ul>
	require of majors, as well as the depth of student learning.
measures?	. ,
inedoures:	been used to help identify subjects in which our students can use more depth.
	<ul> <li>For example, tracking our students' performance for several years</li> </ul>
	suggested that we needed a more rigorous course in linear algebra
	and vector space theory, which we installed during our 2009 overhaul
	of the BS and BA programs in Mathematics.
	• The department has reviewed grade distributions for entry-level courses periodically,
	followed by meetings of the entire department to discuss content, standards and pedagogy.
	ionomed by meetings of the entire department to discuss content, standards and pedagogy.

• The department meets periodically with faculty members from other departments regarding

content in our "service" courses, with the discussions centered on whether the students have acquired the tools necessary to succeed in their fields of study.

- This ongoing process has led to two redesigns of the "business calculus" course (now MT130); the design, implementation and revision of our Biostats course (MT228); and substantial revisions to our Intermediate Statistics course (MT223), along with smaller adjustments to many other courses.
- Development of rubrics for presentations and writing.

PHYSICS (UG)	
	Physics majors will:
	<ol> <li>Develop a solid understanding of the core principles of the disciplines of physics</li> </ol>
	2. Acquire mathematical, analytical, and experimental skills that enable them to measure and interpret data
	3. Effectively communicate scientific data and analysis in a variety of ways and venues
	<ol> <li>Appreciate the scientific process, including free exchange of new knowledge and dissemination of important results to the scientific community, and appreciate the impact and role on society both locally and globally.</li> </ol>
	<b>In addition, engineering physics students will:</b> learn to apply the core principles and skills to a range of practical/engineering problems.
	Physics minors will:
	<ol> <li>Have a good understanding of the core principles of the discipline of physics.</li> </ol>
Learning Goals	<ol> <li>Develop mathematical, modeling, analytical, and experimental skills necessary to solve problems from the core principles.</li> </ol>
Learning Obais	Other science students will:
	<ol> <li>Develop a good understanding of the core principles of the discipline of physics and the mathematical and analytical skills that will serve them in their chosen discipline</li> </ol>
	2. Learn how the principles of physics are applied in other scientific disciplines
	3. Be prepared for the physics component of standardized admissions tests to professional schools
	Liberal Arts Students will:
	<ol> <li>Understand the modern scientific view that the natural world is governed by broadly applicable ordering principles that are accessible to human investigation</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Gain a familiarity with some of these general principles, the nature of scientific evidence, how scientists examine and understand natural phenomena</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Be exposed to a broad range of current science information that will enable them to connect science to real world situations including health, technology, environmental, and financial issues</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Learn that scientific investigation is a human endeavor, an intellectual undertaking, and a contribution to a common culture.</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>Force Concepts Inventory (FCI) as pre- and post-test in the first semester of the introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Conceptual Survey of Electricity and Magnetism (CSEM) as pre- and post-test in second semester introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>
	Colorado Upper Division Electrostatics diagnostic test (CUE) as pre- and post-test in PH
Outcome Measures 2004	365; Coloreda have in Arrived a share Science Science (CLASS) as an address strike the
	<ul> <li>Colorado Learning Attitudes about Science Survey (CLASS) as pre- and post-attitudinal survey in the first semester of the introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>
	Course portfolios;
	<ul> <li>Capstone senior project and presentation;</li> </ul>
	Graduate placement rates;
	Senior exit interviews
Outcome Measures	<ul> <li>Force Concepts Inventory (FCI) as pre- and post-test in the first semester of the introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Conceptual Survey of Electricity and Magnetism (CSEM) as pre- and post-test in second semester introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Colorado Upper Division Electrostatics diagnostic test (CUE) as pre- and post-test in PH 365;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Colorado Learning Attitudes about Science Survey (CLASS) as pre- and post-attitudinal survey in the first semester of the introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Course portfolios;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Course portionos,</li> <li>Capstone senior project and presentation;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Graduate placement rates;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Senior exit interviews</li> </ul>
	Quantum Mechanics Conceptual Survey (QMCS) as pre- and post-test in PH 445
	<ul> <li>Force Concepts Inventory (FCI) as pre- and post-test in the first semester of the introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Conceptual Survey of Electricity and Magnetism (CSEM) as pre- and post-test in second semester introductory physics courses;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Colorado Upper Division Electrostatics diagnostic test (CUE) as pre- and post-test in PH 365;</li> </ul>
Outcome Measures	Colorado Learning Attitudes about Science Survey (CLASS) as pre- and post-attitudinal
2014	survey in the first semester of the introductory physics courses;
2014	Course portfolios;
	Capstone senior project and presentation;
	Graduate placement rates;
	Senior exit interviews
	<ul> <li>Quantum Mechanics Conceptual Survey (QMCS) as pre- and post-test in PH 445</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Course embedded assessment for PH 125L and 126L which are in the process of restructuring</li> </ul>
	• Yearly department meeting devoted to reviewing all assessment materials and data from
	previous year; at time of bulletin review, program learning goals are reviewed and assessed
	Changes to content and pedagogy based on students' performance in standardized pre/pos
How does the	tests
Department use these	Changes to content of the program based on exit interviews.
measures?	• Examples:
	<ul> <li>Introduced new course to prepare students for graduate school and for job application (PH 348, Physics Seminar)</li> </ul>
	• Working on a substantial change to algebra-based intro course (PH 135-136)
	• Major changes to capstone course. (PH 407, 408)

establ	ished 2012-13, in response to the 2011 BL pre-health advising task force (see BL, above p. 3)
	<ol> <li>Discern and understand the variety of careers in healthcare and pathways to get to those careers</li> </ol>
Learning Coole	2. Understand program prerequisites, standardized tests, and applications
Learning Goals	3. Articulate why the chosen career path is appropriate for oneself
	4. Speak knowledgeably and be academically prepared for health professional programs
	5. Understand that health careers are service careers
Outcome Measures 2004	n/a
Outcome Measures 2012	n/a
	Student attendance for Survey of Health Professions course (track attendance)
O	Student attendance for invited speakers
Outcome Measures	Gather standardized test scores
2014	<ul> <li>Track student shadowing/volunteer hours in a healthcare setting</li> </ul>
	• Track acceptance rates for students applying to medical, dental, and allied health program
	Alter seminar/speaker schedules
11 I J	<ul> <li>Implement workshops to help students meet goals/objectives</li> </ul>
How does the Department use these measures?	• Talk with department chairs and interact with departments if student academic weaknesses are identified
measures:	<ul> <li>Make adjustments to the minor to make it more accessible and comprehensive for students</li> </ul>

PSYCHOLOGICAL S	SCIENCE (UG)
	I. Fundamental knowledge base in the core areas of psychology
	2. Critical thinking skills and their application
	3. Proficiency in the use of the language of psychology
	4. Expertise in the methods of information gathering, organization, and synthesis as applied
Learning Goals	to psychology
	5. Mastery of the experimental method and statistical analysis as practiced by psychologists
	6. An understanding of the ethics and values of the discipline of psychology
	7. Readiness for graduate study or for transition into the workforce
	8. Recognition of how psychology contributes to the understanding of human diversity
	PS 101 Pre- and post-test;
Outraama Maaauraa	• MFT;
Outcome Measures	Portfolio in PS 301/301L;
2004	• Senior exit survey;
	Supervisor and student evaluations of fieldwork experiences
	PS 101 Pre- and post-test;
<b>a b</b>	• MFT;
Outcome Measures	Portfolio in PS 301/301L;
2012	• Senior exit survey;
	<ul> <li>Supervisor and student evaluations of fieldwork experiences</li> </ul>
	PS 101 Pre- and post-test;
	<ul> <li>MFT;</li> </ul>
Outcome Measures	<ul> <li>Portfolio in PS 301/301L;</li> </ul>
2014	<ul> <li>Senior exit survey;</li> </ul>
2011	<ul> <li>Supervisor and student evaluations of fieldwork experiences;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Tracking the correlation between performance in PS 101 and MFAT scores.</li> </ul>
	Use of MFT – students must score above the national mean for successful pass to show they are proficient in understanding the discipline of psychology as undergraduates.
	In response to learning assessment data and the 2007 program review, the following tracks have been added:
	Child and Family Studies
	Forensic Psychology
How does the	Eating Disorders
Department use these	Psychology and Sports Sciences
measures?	And the following courses have been added:
	<ul> <li>PS 297 – Introduction to Cognitive Science</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PS 362 – Health Psychology</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PS 370 – Forensic Psychology</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PS 381 – Eating Disorders</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PS 407 – Psychology of Autism</li> </ul>
	PS 415 Multicultural Psychology

The chart above is adapted from brief charts on CAS assessment measures provided by Anne Kugler and CAS learning goals provided by Kathleen Dean. The content in substance was provided by CAS Departments and Programs to Maryclaire Moroney, Graciela Lacueva, and Pam Mason.